3D/BIM applications toward construction innovation

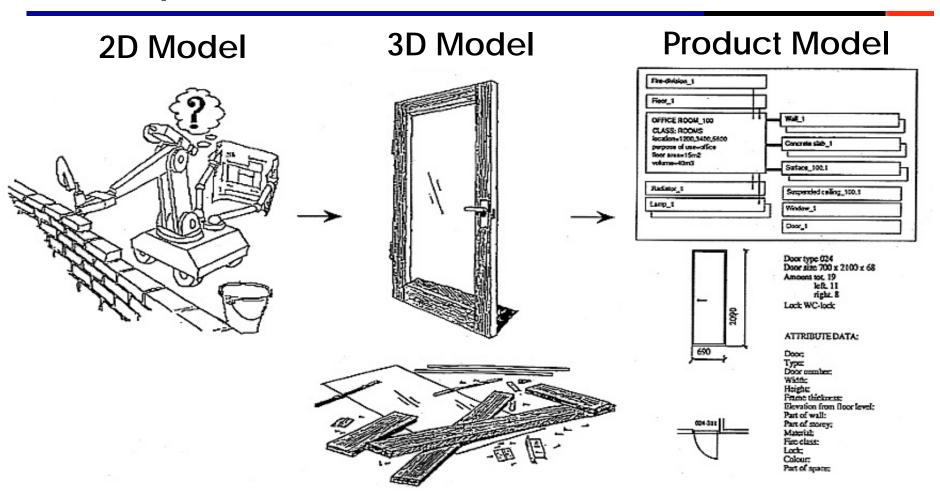
IDDS & BIM Oneday Seminar 2013.11.1

Yusuke Yamazaki

Institute of Technology Shimizu Corporation

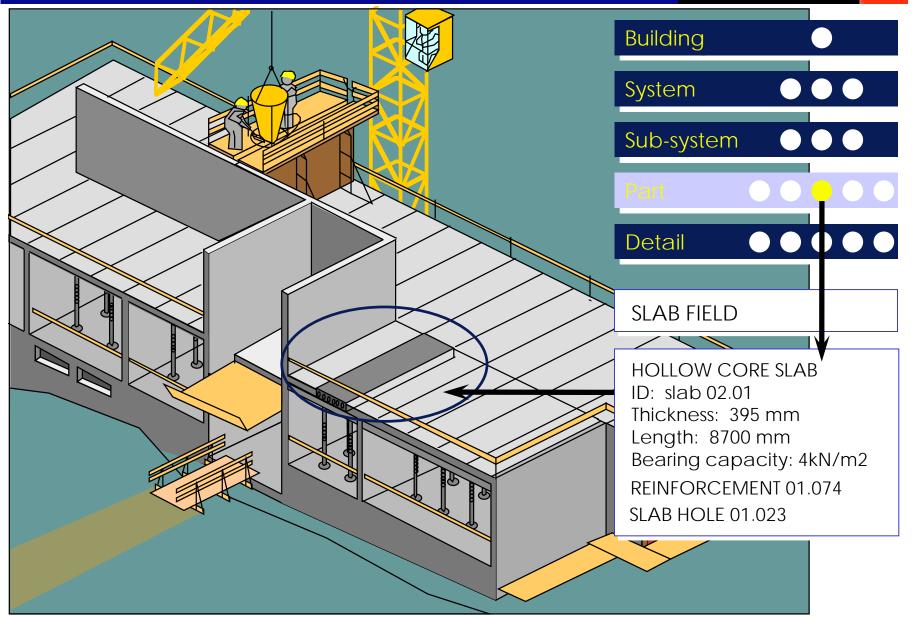
- 1. Current state-of-the-art BIM applications
- 2. Concept of construction innovation by 3D/BIM and related research activities in CIB W78
- 3. 3D/BIM applications toward construction in building construction projects
- 4. Future directions of BIM applications toward construction innovation

Concept of Product Model



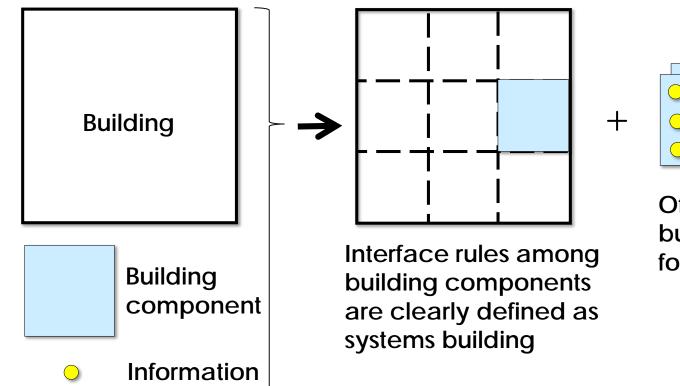
What is difference with Product Model and BIM?Product Model : Machine/Production oriented information model ?BIM: Human/Design oriented information model ?

Product model for a prefabricated building system³



Former Concept of Component Building

Confirmation process of building Information in design



Off-the-shelf building components for selection

- (1) Building components are recognized as physical objects which information are consistent through whole design stage
- (2) Building object information is delivered to users in formal one way Unified data representation scheme to be selected by user are relevant Matsumura, S. (1994), A study on the Effectiveness of Component Building, 1994

Concept of Innovative Construction System

Superstructure Construction System





Site Prefabrication System



Logistic Management System



Underground Construction System

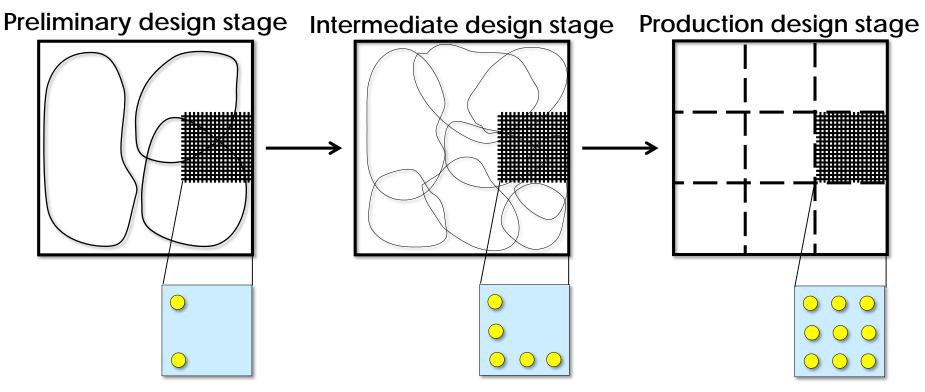


Site Information Management System



New Concept of Component Building

Confirmation process of building Information in design



 Building components are recognized as capsules of information which are flexibly confirmed depending on design development
Building object entities are confirmed not by selection of building components but by designing/engineering of building objects

Matsumura, S. (1994), A study on the Effectiveness of Component Building, 1994

Automated Construction System

A full-scale implementation of CIC by integrating industrialization, mechanization, automation and information technology

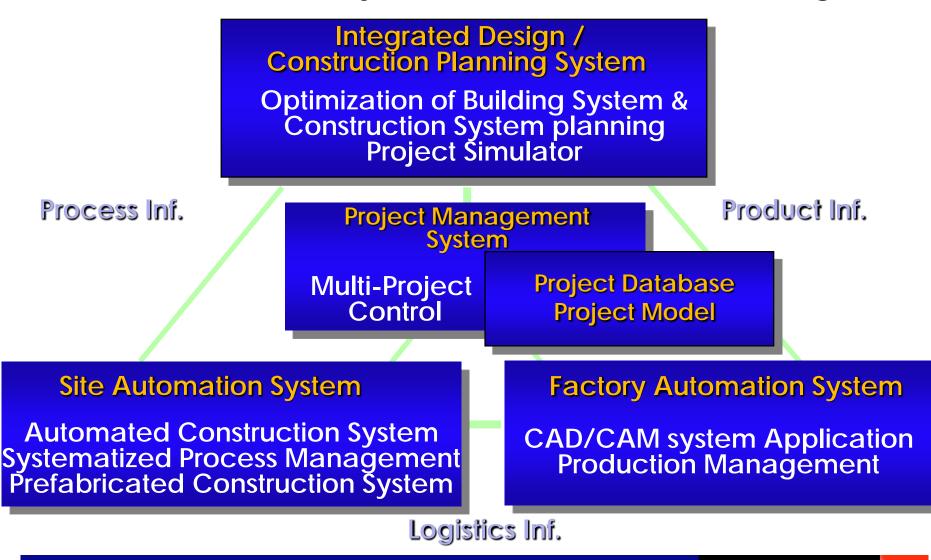




SMART System at Yokohama Nisseki Building(1994-1996)

A CIC Conceptual Model

A strategy for functional integration and decomposition of design/ construction to effectively introduce advanced technologies



Former related research activities in CIB W78

1990 Computer Integrated Construction 2nd CIB W78+W74 Seminar, Tokyo(AIJ)

Remarkable Research Topics:

Object-oriented CAD

Object-oriented Project Planning

Object-oriented Database

<u>Remarks:</u>

Many researches proposed specific conceptual models and approaches to CIC

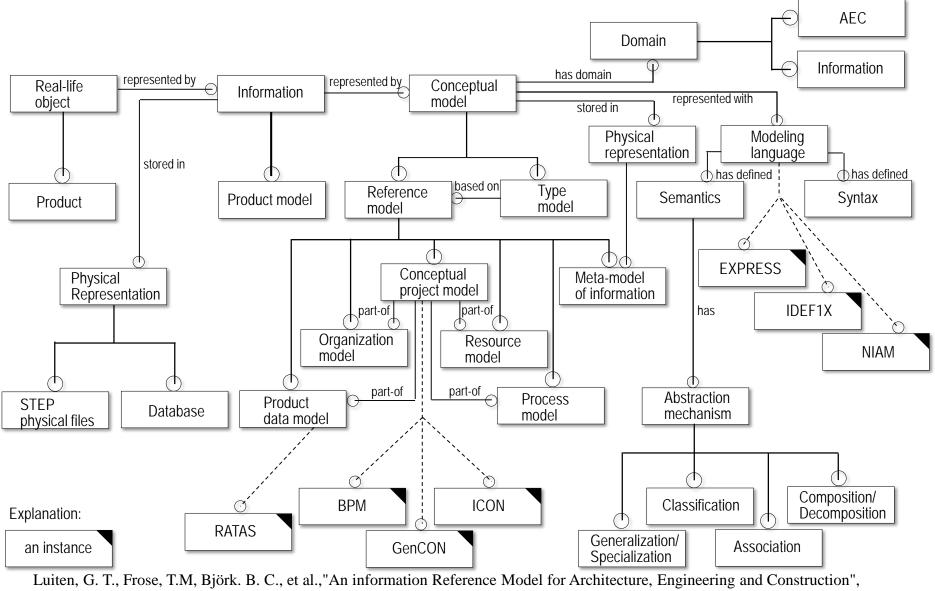
1992 Models for Computer Integrated Construction CIB W78 Workshop, Helsinki, Espoo(VTT)

Discussion Topics:

Information reference model for AEC

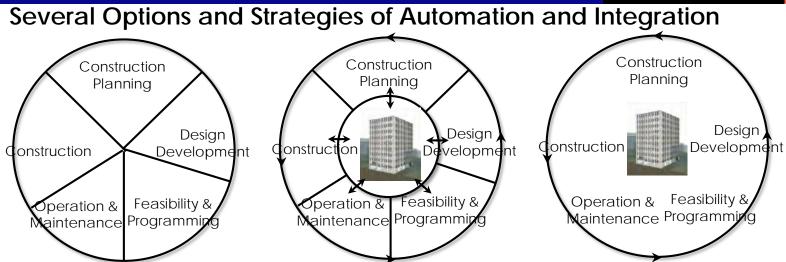
CIC framework

Discussion on Information reference model for AEC



Management of Information Technology in Construction, in Singapore, World Scientific, Publishing Co. Pte, Ltd., 1993, pp 391-406.

CIC Frame work



Dimensions and Levels of Integration

	(1)Low Integration	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)High Integration
Who?	Individuals	Depts.	Entire Org., Firm	Whole Project Life Cycle	Entire industry
What?	Data	Models	Knowledge	Goals	All Project Information
When?	Islands of Automation	Multiple Apps in one Discipline and Phase	Multiple Apps from several Disciplines in one Phase	Multiple Apps from several Disciplines in and Phases	All Apps in Project Delivery Process
Why?	Survive, Stay in Business	Increase Profit	Increase Market Share	Enter New Market	Create New Market

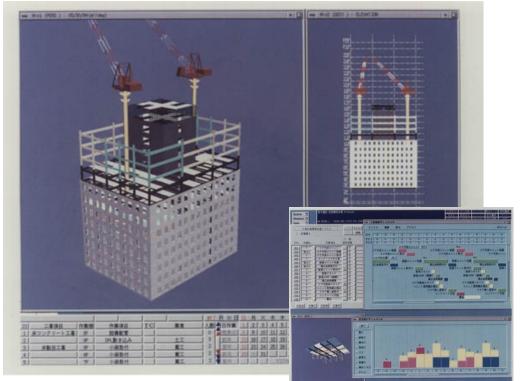
Fisher, M., Betts, M., et al., "Goals, Dimensions, and Approaches for Computer Integrated Construction", Management of Information Technology in Construction, in Singapore, World Scientific, Publishing Co. Pte, Ltd., 1993, pp 421-433.

Ebina Prime Tower (1992-1995)

Development of Integrated Construction Planning by 3D CAD



RC core wall + Steel rigid frame



Major efforts:

- Product/process data modeling based on in-house developed 3D CAD
- 3D construction planning of integrated building/construction system

Yokohama International Passenger Terminal (2002)

Flexible production system for complex structure by 3D CAD



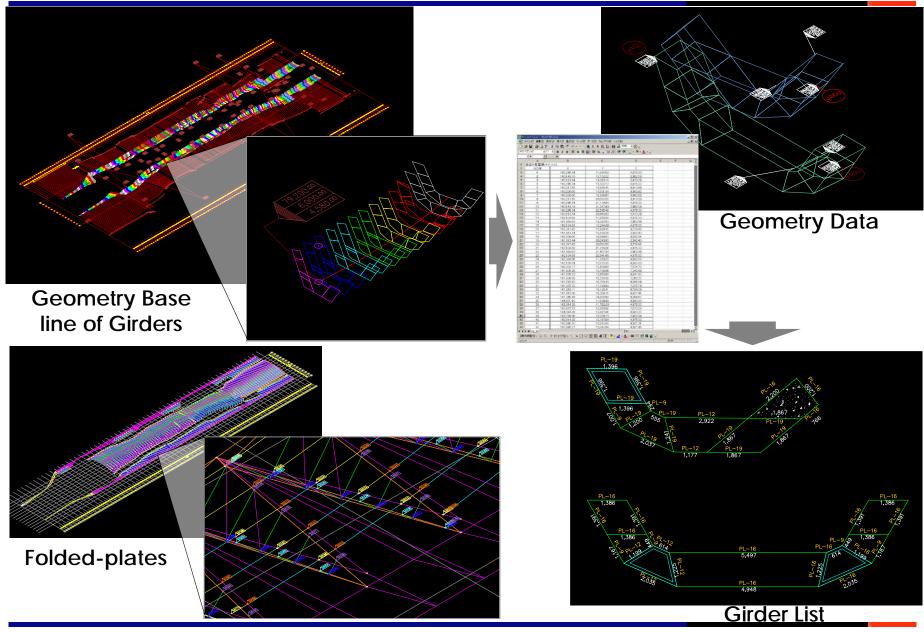




Major efforts:

- 3D modeling of complex structure
- 3D based product design/ production planning
- Structural analysis based on construction process
- Application of 3D measurement system

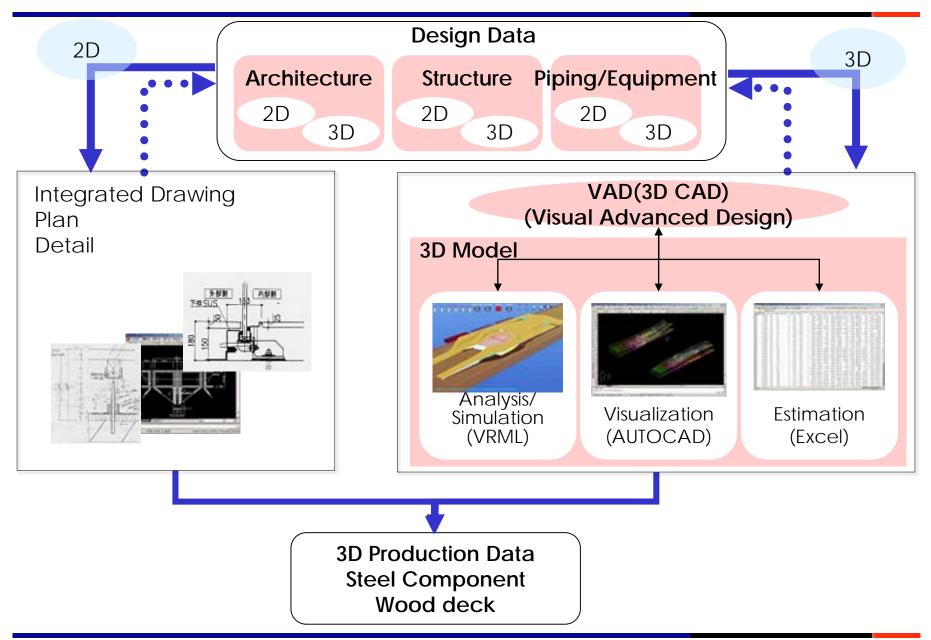
3D data modeling



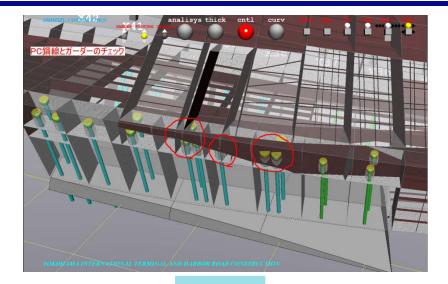
© 2013 Shimizu Corporation

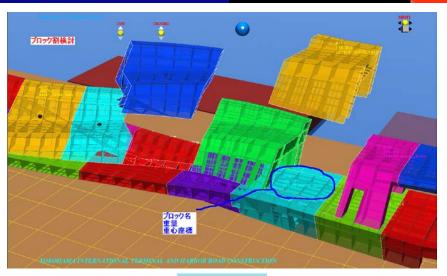
3D based Product Design/Production Planning

15



Confirmation of Details and Construction Process ¹⁶

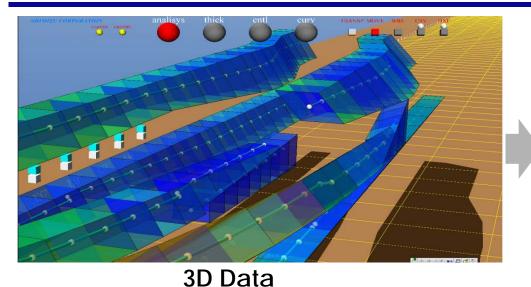


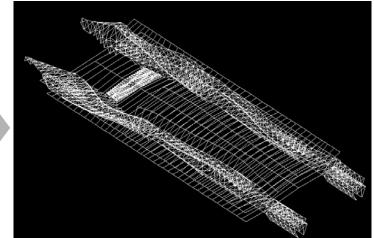






Structural Analysis based on Construction Process¹⁷

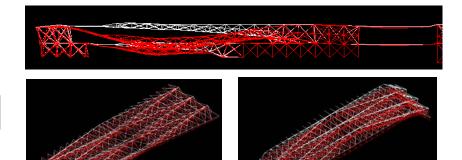




Structural Model

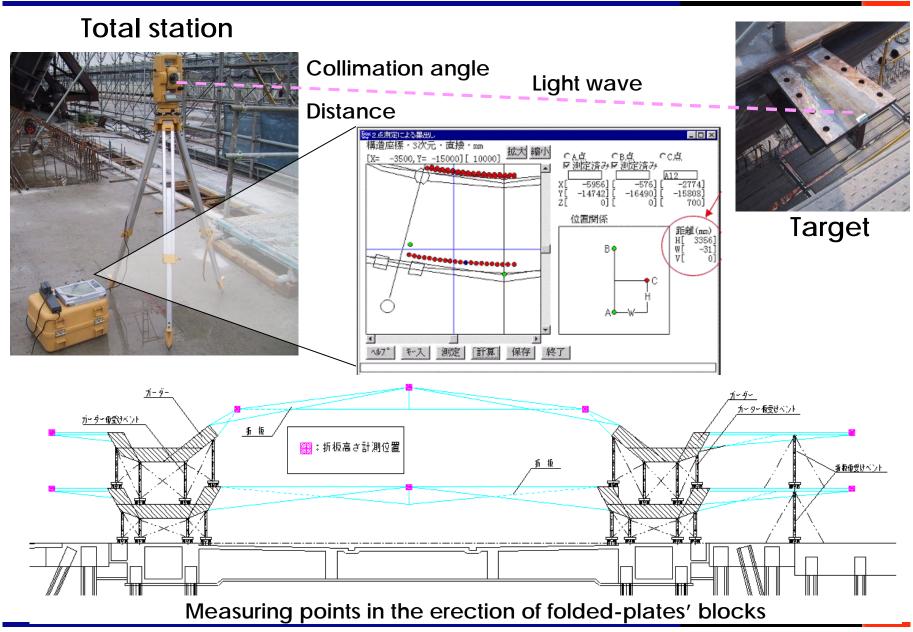


Construction using setting-beam



Structural analysis reflecting construction process

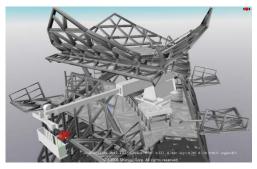
Application of 3D Measurement System



Cocoon Tower(2006-2008)

Visualization of Production/Construction planning by 3D System









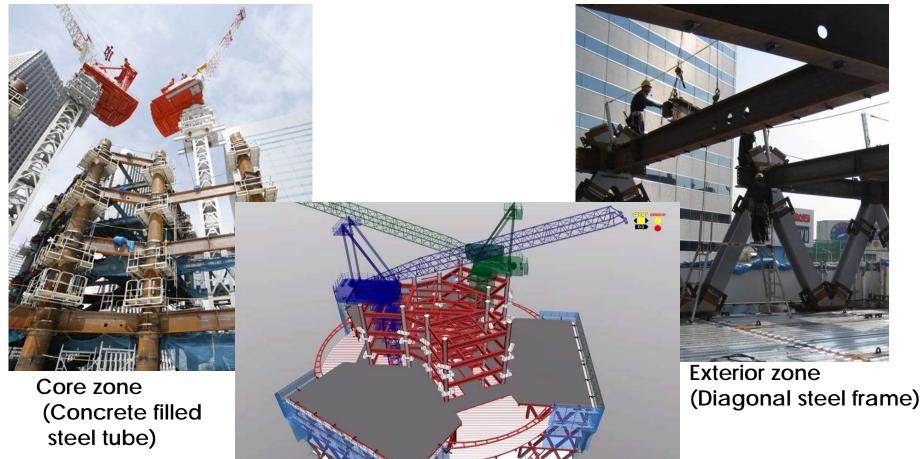
- Major efforts:
- Production planning Extensive utilizations of 3D System in constructability investigations
- -Construction planning Adaptations of rational and creative construction methods (Horizontally-layered Construction System)

-Procurement

Introduction of new purchasing and ordering methods by standardization and unitization based on 3D system

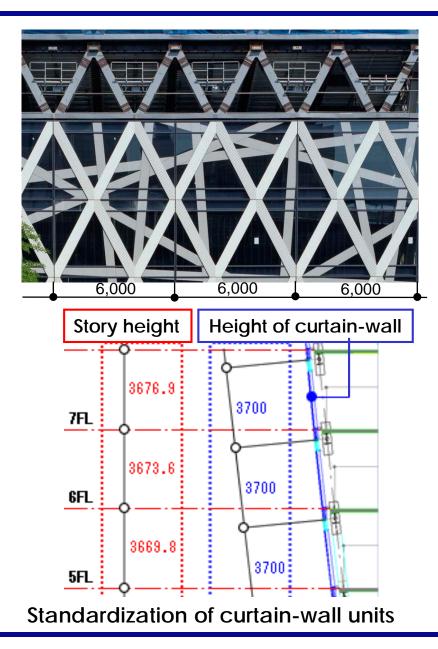
Construction simulation for erection works

Construction simulation for Specific figure high-rise building by 3D system



Confirmation of construction process with 5 days/floor

Standardization of Unitized Curtain Walls



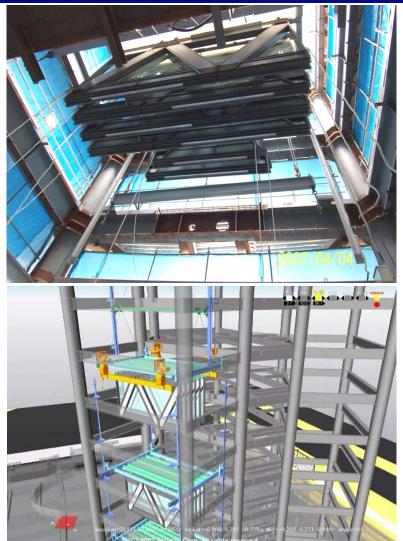


Transportation of curtain-wall components

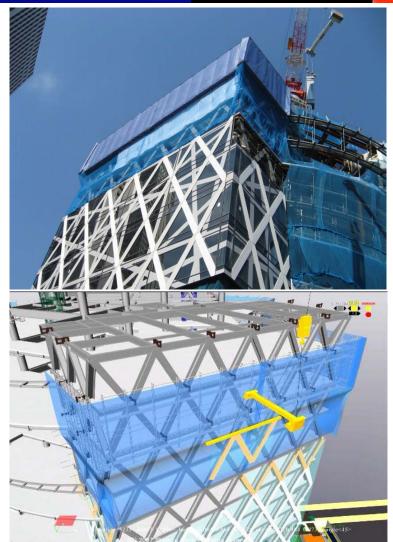


Joint and sealing of curtain-wall units

Transportation/Installation of unitized exterior curtain walls²²



Vertical transportation system for unitized exterior curtain walls using elevator space



Installation of unitized exterior curtain walls using balancer

Shimizu Head Quarters (2009-2011)

High-performance Design/Construction system for hybrid structure building by 3D/BIM



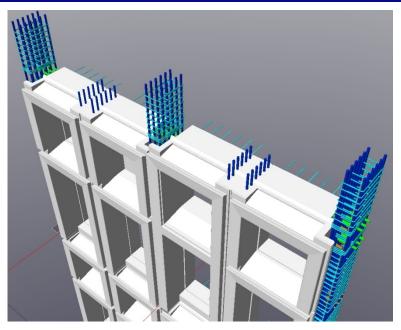
RC core wall + Hybrid perimeter frame



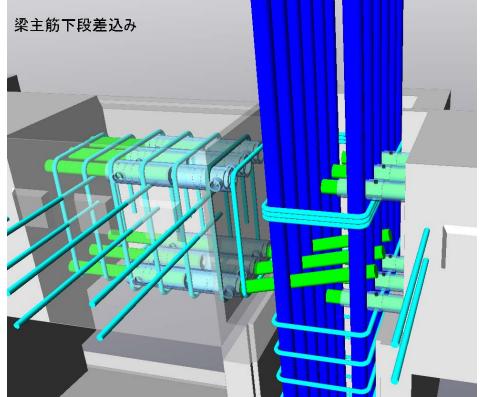
Major efforts:

- -Application of commercial BIM tool to constructability investigations
- -Accuracy improvement of sequence simulation (Realtime simulation)
- -Association of process planning with monitoring

Investigation of details and construction process ²⁴

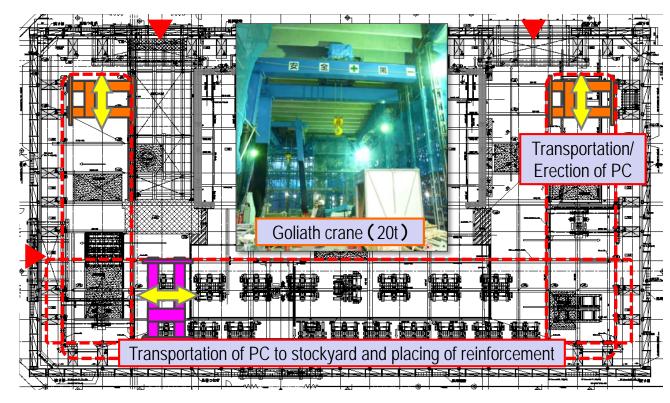




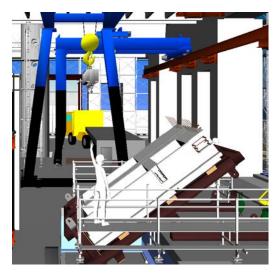


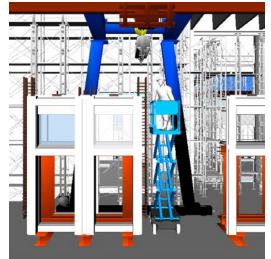
Investigation of details and construction process with placing of reinforcement

Material handling/transportation planning



Layout of temporal facilities and machines at ground floor of the building

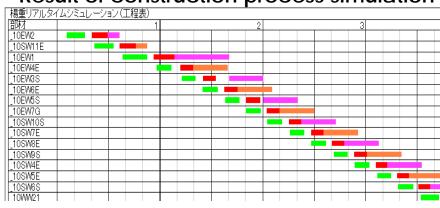




Construction Sequence Simulation



Real-time construction process simulation based on standard operation time



Result of construction process simulation



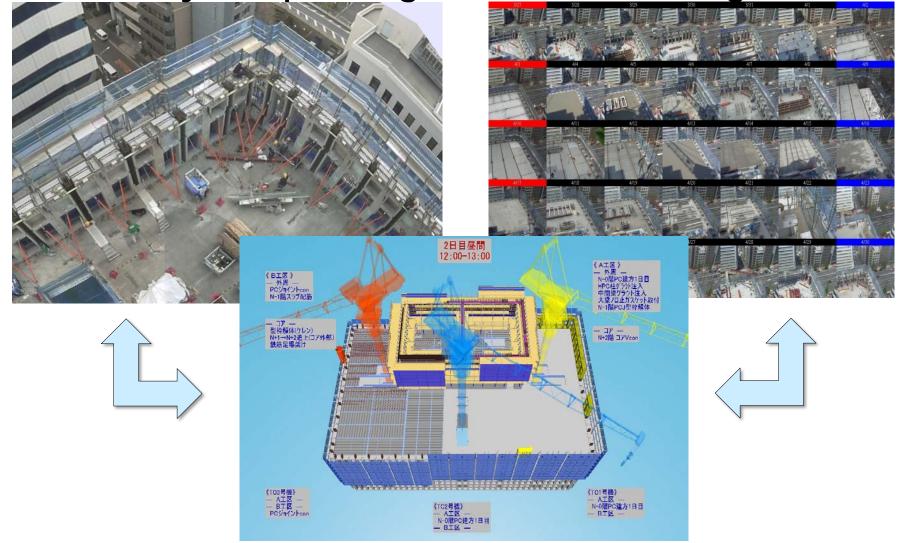
		А	В	С	D
	Start crane operation		10:00	11:09	10:43
	Start lifting-up	13:24	10:02	11:11	10:45
	Lifting-up	13:26	10:06	11:12	10:49
	Waiting			11:38	
	Rough positioning		10:08	11:39	10:52
	Precise positioning	13:29	10:10	11:43	
	Installation	13:38	10:12	11:46	
	Form work	13:50			
		13:55			
	Supporting	13:59	10:18	11:46	10:59
	End crane operation	14:03	10:27	11:28	11:04
	Total operating time	39min	27min	50min	21min

Measurement of operation time using full-scale mock-up

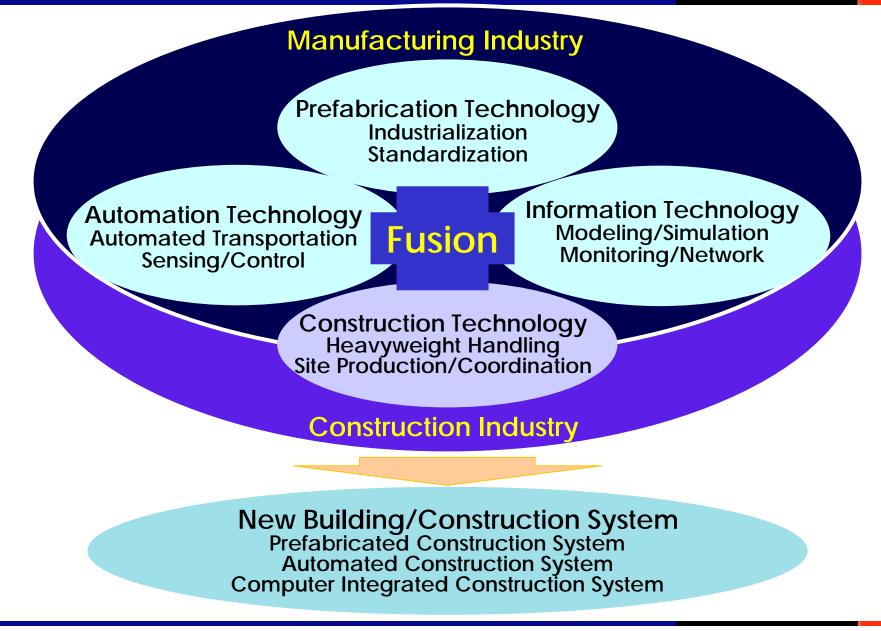
© 2013 Shimizu Corporation

Comparison of sequence simulation and monitoring ²⁷

Modification of work schedule through comparative analysis of planning data and monitoring data



Concept of technology/knowledge fusion



© 2013 Shimizu Corporation

Defined by ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROP, UN (1959)

- (i) Continuity of production, implying a steady flow of demand
- (ii) Standardization of products
- (iii) Integration of the different stages of the whole production process
- (iv) A high degree of organization of work
- (v) Mechanization to replace manual labor wherever possible
- (vi) Research and organized experimentation integrated with production

BIM applications toward Construction Innovation ³⁰

- Sophistication of collaboration environment with AEC functions by improving production/delivery systems trough investigations using BIM
- Promotion of technology and knowledge fusion toward higher level of automation and integration by reviewing BIM as tool for fusion
- Continuity of research and technology development toward construction innovation by promoting basic research and organized experimentation with CIC based on BIM

References

- 1) Björk, B. C.(1989), A Scenario for the Development and Implementation of a Building Product Model Standard, Advances in Engineering Software, 1989
- 2) Yamazaki, Y.(1990), "Integrated Design and Construction Planning System for Computer Integrated Construction", 2nd CIB W78+w74 Seminar of Computer Integrated Construction Tokyo, 1990, pp 89-94.
- 3) Ito, K., Law, K. H. and Levitt R. E.(1990), PMAP: Object-oriented Project Model for A/E/C Process with Multiple Views, The 2nd CIB w78+w74 Seminar, Tokyo, 1990, pp 75-80.
- 4) Frose, T.(1992), Integrated Computer-Aided Project Management Through Standard Object-Oriented Models, CIFE Technical Report, 1992
- 5) Björk, B. C.(1992), "A Conceptual Model of Spaces, Space Boundaries and Enclosing Structure", Automation in Construction, Vol .2, Elsevier Science Publisher, 1992, pp 1-21.
- 6) Eastman, C. M.(1993), "Lifecycle Requirements for Building Product Models", Management of Information Technology in Construction, in Singapore, World Scientific, Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd., 1993, pp 369-390.
- 7) Luiten, G. T., Frose, T.M, Björk. B. C., et al.(1993),"An information Reference Model for Architecture, Engineering and Construction", Management of Information Technology in Construction, in Singapore, World Scientific, Publishing Co. Pte, Ltd., 1993, pp 391-406.
- 8) Miyatake, Y., Yamazaki, Y. and Kangari, R.(1993), SMART System Project : A Strategy for Management of Information and Automation Technology in Computer Integrated Construction, CIB W78, 1st Congress on Management of Information Technology for Construction, pp.407-420, 1992
- 9) Fisher, M., Betts, M., Hannus, M., Yamazaki, Y., and Lathinen, Y.(1993), "Goals, Dimensions, and Approaches for Computer Integrated Construction", Management of Information Technology in Construction, in Singapore, World Scientific, Publishing Co. Pte, Ltd., 1993, pp 421-433.
- 10) Yamazaki. Y.(1995), An Integrated construction Planning System using Object-oriented Product and Process Models, Construction Management and Economics, Vol.13, pp.417-426, E. & F. N Spon, 1995
- 11) The Economic Commission for Europe United Nations(1959), Government policies and the cost of building prepared by the secretariat of the Economic Commission for Europe United Nations, 1959
- 12) Yamazaki, Y. and Ueda, Y.(2003), Technology and Knowledge Fusions toward Construction innovation, Knowledge Construction, CIB W55, W65 and W107, National Singapore University, 2003